

CHATHAM COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Board of Health

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THAT THE NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESCIND THE PREEMPTION OF TOBACCO REGULATION, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES, AND THEREFORE RESTORE LOCAL CONTROL OVER TOBACCO POLICIES

WHEREAS, the health consequences of smoking are staggering, and there is irrefutable evidence that tobacco use causes cancer, respiratory and cardiac diseases, infertility, negative birth outcomes, irritations to the eyes, nose and throat (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2014); and

WHEREAS, the economic losses in health care expenditures are equally important and the use of tobacco products cost the U.S. as much as \$170 billion in health care expenditures each year (Xu, Bishop, Kennedy, Simpson, & Pechacek, 2014); and

WHEREAS, nearly 90% of all smokers begin smoking before the age of eighteen (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2014); and

WHEREAS, in North Carolina, 1 in every 10 middle school students is a current tobacco user and 3 in every 10 high school students is a current tobacco user; and

WHEREAS, in North Carolina, 8,676 middle school students currently smoke cigarettes; and 55,688 high school students currently smoke cigarettes; (North Carolina Tobacco Prevention and Control Branch); and

WHEREAS, there is supportive evidence that increasing the minimum legal age of purchase to 21 will save more lives, reduce initiation among adolescents and young adults, and immediately improve the health of adolescents, young adults and young mothers who would be deferred from smoking, as well as their children (Institute of Medicine, 2015); and

WHEREAS, we believe in the need to educate and empower youth about the harmful effects of tobacco use and prohibit these incidences of purchase until the conscious age of 21 years; and

WHEREAS, penalties included in G.S. 14-313 Youth access to tobacco products, tobacco-derived products, vapor products, and cigarette wrapping papers would remain the same; and


WHEREAS, in recognition of the damaging effects of preemption and the importance of community tobacco control policies, both the Healthy people 2010 and the healthy People 2020 objectives, which are developed by the Department of Health and Human Services to set the national public health agenda for each decade, include an objective calling for the elimination of all state laws that preempt local tobacco control policies (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2013).

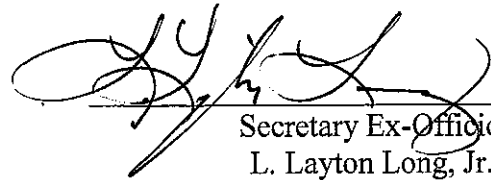
THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Chatham County Board of Health requests that the North Carolina General Assembly restore local control over tobacco policies by rescinding preemption; therefore, granting Chatham County the legal authority to protect residents from known public health threats by enacting innovative, evidence-based policies such as an increase in the minimum sale age of tobacco products from 18 to 21. The lifting of preemption reinstates local capacity to develop public policy and revitalizes community debate, education and empowerment.

L. Layton Long, Jr., MSA, REHS
Public Health Director

80 East Street, PO Box 130, Pittsboro, NC 27312 Phone: 919-542-8220 Fax: 919-542-2473
1000 South Tenth Avenue, Siler City, NC 27344 Phone: 919-742-5641 Fax: 919-742-7496

FURTHER BE IT RESOLVED, that we also call on other Boards of Health to request the restoration of local control over tobacco policies so as to be better help prevent youth initiation.


Chair, John Kessler
Vice-Chair Linda Brewer Ellington


Secretary Ex-Officio
L. Layton Long, Jr.
Public Health Director

References

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2014, February 14). *Smoking and Tobacco Use*. Retrieved January 8, 2015, from Youth and Tobacco Use:
http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/data_statistics/fact_sheets/youth_data/tobacco_use/

Institute of Medicine. (2015). *Public Health Implications of Raising the Minimum Age of Legal Access to Tobacco Products*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.

North Carolina Tobacco Prevention and control Branch. (n.d.). *North Carolina Youth Tobacco Survey: Middle and High School Fact Sheet*.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2013, April 5). *State Preemption of Local Authority to Engage in Evidence-Based Tobacco Control Policies*. Retrieved March 17, 2015, from NC Alliance for Health:

<http://www.ncallianceforhealth.org/Media/Tobacco/North%20Carolina%20preemption%20LOE%204%2015%2013.pdf>

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2014). *The Health consequences of Smoking—50 years of Progress: A Report by the Surgeon General*. Rockville: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Xu, X., Bishop, E.E., Kennedy, S.M., Simpson, S.A., & Pechacek, T.F. (2014). Annual Healthcare Spending Attributable to Cigarette Smoking. *American Journal of Preventative Medicine*, 48(3):326-33.

L. Layton Long, Jr., MSA, REHS
Public Health Director

80 East Street, PO Box 130, Pittsboro, NC 27312 Phone: 919-542-8220 Fax: 919-542-2473
1000 South Tenth Avenue, Siler City, NC 27344 Phone: 919-742-5641 Fax: 919-742-7496